THE CASSO COLLECTION CELEBRATING 50 YEARS OF THE COMPUTER ARTS SOCIETY



The Computer Arts Society was established in the UK in 1968 and pioneered the development of digital arts worldwide. In this exhibition we celebrate 50 years since the founding of the Society.

THE COMPUTER ARTS SOCIETY

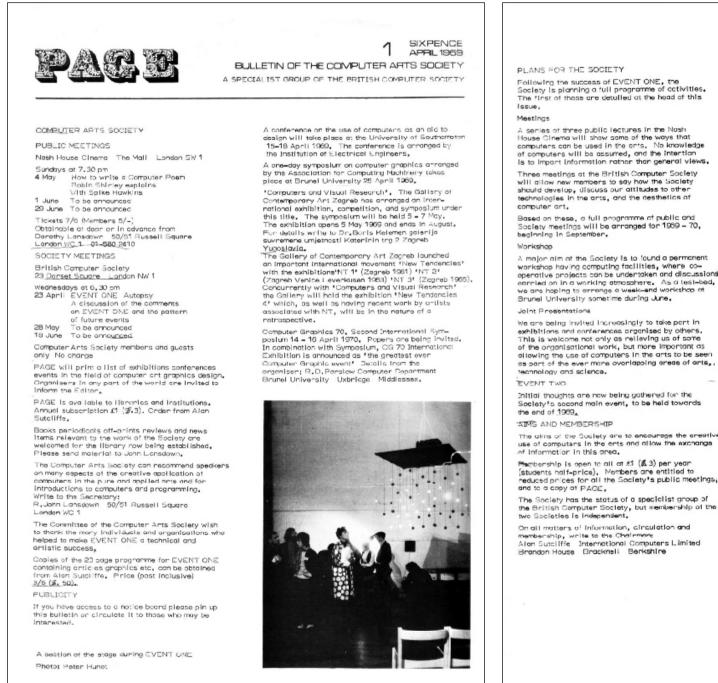
The three founder members of the Society – Alan Sutcliffe, George Mallen and John Lansdown – had been involved with computing and its related concepts for some time. They knew Jasia Reichardt, the curator of **Cybernetic Serendipity** (1968) and had participated, in or advised, on aspects of the exhibition. Sutcliffe was involved with the Cybernetic Serendipity through his collaboration with composer Peter Zinovieff and Electronic Music Studios (EMS). Mallen was working with the English cybernetician Gordon Pask at Systems Research and assisted on the production of the interactive robotic work **Colloquy of Mobiles** shown at the exhibition. Although not mentioned in the catalogue credits, Reichardt knew and respected Lansdown, who from 1963, had used computing techniques in architectural design and planning.

The original idea for a society dedicated to the computer arts (which was to become the **Computer Arts Society**) was instigated by Sutcliffe at the IFIP (International Federation for Information Processing) Congress in August 1968 in Edinburgh. Sutcliffe and Zinovieff had won a second prize with ZASP, their piece of computer-composed music. Members of the Congress suggested to Sutcliffe that he might like to convene a meeting of people working in a similar field whilst they were all together at the Congress, as most had not had a chance to meet like-minded persons outside their own team before. Sutcliffe collated the names of interested individuals and the group formed out of this, with the first meetings in London held in a room belonging to University College London, in or near Gower Street in September 1968. Subsequent meetings were often held at the offices of Lansdown's architectural practice (he became the Secretary with Sutcliffe the Chairman and Mallen, Treasurer).

The **Computer Arts Society** was founded to encourage the creative use of computers and to allow the exchange of information in this area. It was recognised that this was an area where there had been increasing activity, but with little formal publication of methods and results and little communication between artists in different fields (music, visual, performing arts, and so on).

PAGE

PAGE is the bulletin of the Computer Arts Society. It was first published in 1969 and was an important vehicle for communicating the Society's activities, particularly in its early years. The bulletin was first edited by auto-destructive artist Gustaz Metzger and has since been edited by Alan Sutcliffe, Dominic Boreham, Paul Brown and others.



Following the success of EVENT ONE, the Society is planning a full programme of activities. The first of these are detailed at the head of this terminal of the head of the head of this terminal of the head of

A series of three public lectures in the Nush House Cinema will show some of the ways that computers can be used in the orts. No knowledge of computers will be assumed, and the intertion is to impart information rather than general views.

Three meetings at the British Computer Society will allow new members to say how the Society should develop, discuss our attitudes to other technologies in the arts, and the desthetics of

Based on these, a full programme of public and Saciety meetings will be arranged for 1989 - 70, beginning in September.

workshop having computing facilities, where co operative projects can be undertaken and discussions carried on in a working atmosphere. As a test-be we are hoping to arrange a week-end workshop at Brunel University sometime during June.

we are being invited increasingly a towe petr is exhibitions and enterances organized by others. This is welcome not only as relieving us of some of the organizational work, but more important as allowing the use of computers in the arts to be seen as part of the even more overlapping areas of arts...

Initial thoughts are now being gathered for the second main event, to be held towards

The aims of the Society are to encourage the areative use of computers in the arts and allow the exchange of information in this area.

Macrocratip is open to all at £1 (£3) per year (students half-price). Members are entitled to neduced prices for all the Society's public meetings, and to a copy of PACE.

On all matters of Information, circulation and

OPINION

The Computer Arts Society's EVENT ONE at the Royal College of Art 29 - 30 March 1969, attracted 700 visitors. The key to the Impact and success of 700 visitors. The key to the impact and success of EVENT ONE lies in the computer-linked equipment presented. A PDP-7 computer with visual display unit (triperiol College); 2 Teletype terminals plus graph plotter (Tima Shoring Limited); 2 Teletype terminals and graph plotter (G.F.1,S. Limited); a telephone link to Peter Zinovieff's PCP-8:the Visual Display Unit by International Computers

Limited,
The introduction of this working equipment within fine art context represents a revolution in the British art world. After years of theoretical work, and isolated contacts with technology, here was the major COLLECTIVE step forward. It is important to remember that the man who with exceptional skill and energy angineered this, are primarily professionals in the field of computing and architecture.

The event was apprehended by the visitor and participant as a continuum of activity and sound, Having passed Brower Hatcher's programmed sculpture that was being erected in the faye throughout the week-end, and the few exhibits at the entrance to the Culbenkian Hall, the visition was immediately caught up with the terminals, and the PDP=7 under the charge of Chris Janes, display was often surrounded by up to 15 people watching the light-pen in use.

The central area was used for performances and discussions. Moving beyond this, one entered the screened-off stage. Here more visitors, aloed by technicians, were working terminals and platter, whilst the light structures including Adrian Nutbeen's Object-Text-Light Interval, and The Folder by John Bucklow, were seen (and heard) at their best in the occasionally darkered space. Some of the perfortures wifered from sounds carried across performances suffered from sounds corried across the half, but this mobility of sound and people added to the excitement and sense of integration. Films made by computers, or dealing with the subject, were screened in the lecture theatre in three daily sessions. Gustav Metzger.

Extract from programme for EVENT ONE describing Philip Hodgetts's light/sound structure illustrated

*I. Ight bulbs are situated at selected nodes in a threedimensional cubic lattice. Selective illumination of sets of these lights picks outplanes and patterns in this 3-D space. A mechanism for sequencing the Illumin-ation of lights has been built and used so that changing patterns and transformations of patterns can be ob-served. This device embodies a fixed sequence of transformations.

The current experiment involves a tape reading The current experiment involves a tope reading mechanism and a computer terminal. Required sequences can be programmed for the computer and output on to purched tape. The tape is then used to drive the sculpture via the tape reader. This will enable the sculpture to develop and control sequences more easily.

PAGE is a publication of the Computer Arts Society, appearing 8 times a year. All views are those of the individual contributors. On all editorial matters (not circulation) write to the Editor: Gustav Metzgen BM/Box 151 London WC1

Between 1969 and 1985 there were 52 issues of PAGE - ranging in size from onepage bulletins to full magazines. There was then a hiatus from 1985 until 2004, after which over 10 additional issues have since been published. As of March 2018 a complete set of scanned copies of PAGE can be found on the Computer Arts **Society** website.

computer-arts-society.com/page

RECENT ACTIVITIES

The **Computer Arts Society** originally ran from 1968 until 1985. In 2002 the **CACHe** project at the Vasari Lab in the School of History of Art and Visual Media, Birkbeck, University of London began to digitise and catalogue the image holdings of the Society and related archives. This resulted in a re-establishment of the **Computer Arts Society** in 2004. The core archive was then acquired by the Victoria and Albert Museum and now forms part of their Computer Art Collections.

Two books, A Computer in the Art Room: The Origins of British Computer Arts 1950-1980 (2008) by Catherine Mason and White Heat Cold Logic: British Computer Art 1960-1980 (2009) by Paul Brown, Catherine Mason, Charlie Gere and Nicholas Lambert, have been published that detail the early history of computer art, including the early CAS period.

A follow-up project entitled **Computer Art and Technocultures**, based jointly at Birkbeck and the Victoria and Albert Museum ran from December 2009 until April 2010. This project ran a symposium, **Ideas Before Their Time**, at the British Computer Society, and a two-day conference, **Decoding the Digital**, at the V&A on 4th-5th February 2010.

Since re-forming in 2004, the **Computer Arts Society** has run an extensive speaker programme from its base at the **British Computer Society** in London, as well as from other London venues, and more recently in Leicester.

The Society also runs the annual **Electronic Visualisation & the Arts** (EVA) conference in London. Through its status as a Specialist Group of the **British Computer Society** it is regularly able to support exhibitions and other computer art activities throughout the year.

The Computer Arts Society is currently creating an on-line archive of its activities over the past 50 years. Work in progress can be seen on the CAS website.

THE CASSO COLLECTION

As part of its 50-years celebration, the **Computer Arts Society** agreed to support an exhibition of artwork from artists who have been associated with the Society. It was planned that this exhibition would be first shown in Leicester in Summer 2018 and then tour elsewhere over the following year.

Support for the exhibition from the artists invited has been such that the project is now being expanded to become the **CAS50 Collection**. This will be a collection of high-quality computer artworks, donated by the artists, that we intend to develop over the coming years and ultimately donate to a suitable museum or gallery.

The collection is currently being curated by Sean Clark of Interact Digital Arts in Leicester, who has donated much of his own collection or artworks to the project. As the collection grows, with more artists and collectors becoming involved, we hope to establish a unique and accessible resource for people interested in digital and computer-based art.

The current artists in the collection – and whose work is being shown here – are Stephen Bell, Peter Beyls, boredomresearch, Damien Borowik, Daniel Brown, Paul Brown, Sean Clark, Anna Dumitriu, Ernest Edmonds, Genetic Moo, Gibson/Martelli, Sue Gollifer, Desmond Henry, William Latham, Andy Lomas, Alex May, Gordana Novaković, Fabrizio Poltronieri, Esther Rolinson, Roger Saunders, Stephen Scrivener, Brian Reffin Smith, Jack Tait and Patrick Tresset, plus two works by Harold Cohen loaned by Sean Clark Many of the artists featured are in the V&A collection and are Lumen Prize winners.

The CAS website includes detailed biographies and background information about the artists and their work.

computer-arts-society.com/cas50-collection

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This exhibition would not have been possible without the support of the **BCS**, **Interact Digital Arts**, **Nicholas Lambert** (Chair), **Paul Brown** (Treasurer) and Sean Clark (CAS50 Curator) of the **Computer Arts Society** and, of course, the participating artists. The exhibition of the second phase of The CAS50 Collection was supported by Arts Council England.

Additional information about the CAS50 programme and the CAS50 Collection can be found on the CAS website.

computer-arts-society.com/cas50

Documentary materials can be found on the Interact Digital Arts website.

interactdigitalarts.uk/cas50

The CAS is a Specialist Group of the BCS, The Chartered Institute for IT.

